VILLAGE OF CRIVITZ, WISCONSIN

Annual Financial Report

December 31, 2022

VILLAGE OF CRIVITZ, WISCONSIN

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Village Board Village of Crivitz Crivitz, Wisconsin

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Crivitz, Wisconsin (Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Crivitz, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and employer contributions – Wisconsin Retirement System and the schedule of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

To the Village Board Village of Crivitz

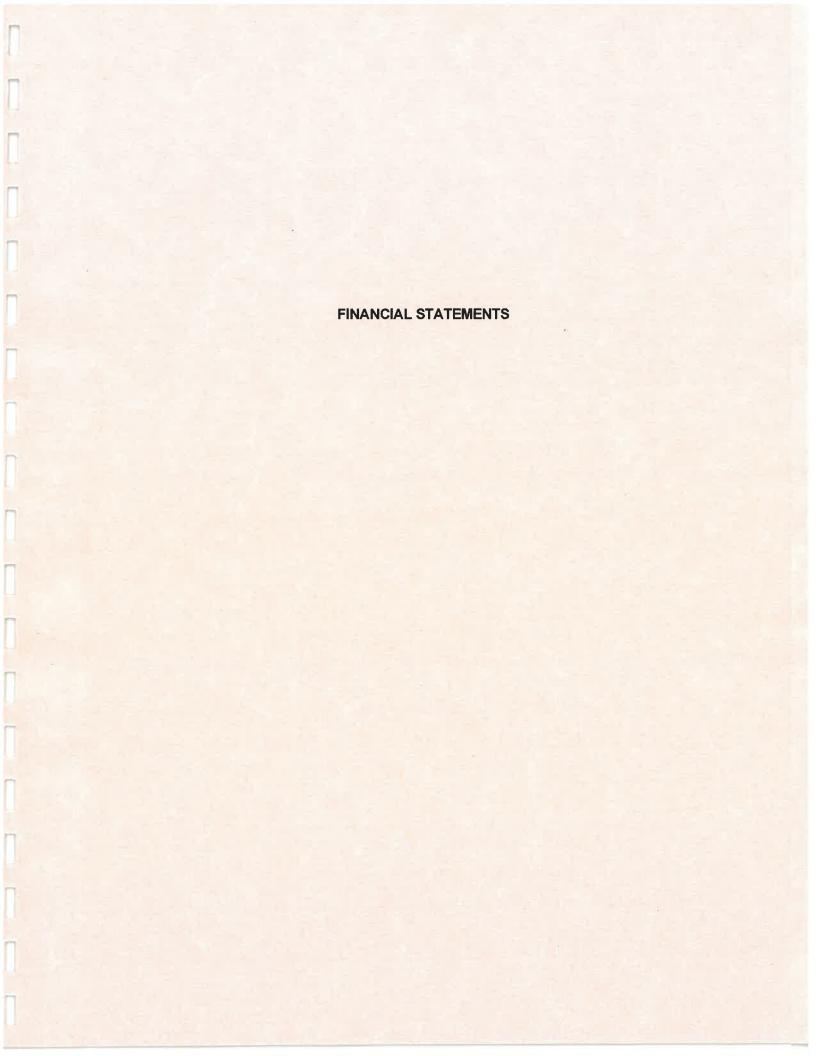
Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedule of operating revenues and expenses – water and sewer utility, schedule of detailed budgetary revenues and other financing source comparison – general fund and schedule of detailed budgetary expenditures and other financing use comparison – general fund but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

KerberRose SC

KerberRose SC Certified Public Accountants Shawano, Wisconsin June 29, 2023



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VILLAGE OF CRIVITZ Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2022

	Government Activities	al Business- Type Activities	Total
ASSETS		Activities	10(4)
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 801,9	988 \$ 782,299	\$ 1,584,287
Receivables:	·		1,00-1,201
Taxes	794,8	375 -	794,875
Customer Accounts Receivable		- 168,417	168,417
Delinquent Personal Property Taxes	2	243	243
Other Accounts Receivable	40,5	516 26,937	67.453
Internal Balances	(66,9		64,880
Inventories	()-	- 12,931	12,931
Total Current Assets	1,570,6		2,693,086
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital Assets:			
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	210.2	91 00.400	
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	310,3		408,550
Net Pension Asset	2,997,9	.,,	7,339,275
Total Noncurrent Assets	75,5		138,307
Toma Honounent Assets	3,383,8	93 4,502,239	7,886,132
TOTAL ASSETS	4,954,5	81 5,624,637	10,579,218
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	150,3	95 124,953	275,348
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	24,1	33 97,704	104 007
Due to Other Governments	1,7		121,837
Accrued Liabilities	6,4		1,755
Accrued Interest	5,2		6,478
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	7,0	,,	25,760
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	7,0 359,5		7,017
Unearned Revenue - American Rescue Plan Act		,	405,016
Total Current Liabilities	26,9 431,0		26,914 594,777
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Noncurrent Portion of Compensated Absences	20.00		0.0
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	28,06		28,068
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	354,51		1,462,450
	382,58	1,107,931	1,490,518
TOTAL LIABILITIES	813,68	1,271,636	2,085,295
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	948,85	55 -	948,855
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	179,24		328,162
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,128,09		1,277,017
IET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,594,27	2 3,350,967	5,945,239
Restricted for:		, ,	-,,
Debt Service		- 109,225	109,225
Equipment Replacement		- 468,644	468,644
Pension Benefits	46,69		85,493
Unrestricted	522,25	,	883,653
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,163,22		\$ 7,492,254

VILLAGE OF CRIVITZ

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Program	Program Revenues	Net	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 425,894	\$ 15,622	•	\$ (410,272)	€ 5	(410,272)
Public Safety	552,179	16,973	3,920	(531,286)	1	(531,286)
Public Works	22,662	5,643	48,260	31,241	1	31,241
Culture and Recreation	130,957	2,090	•	(123,867)	r	(123,867)
Health and Human Services	19,754	7,551	•	(12,203)	1	(12,203)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	49,232	1	1	(49,232)	•	(49,232)
Total Governmental Activities	1,200,678	52,879	52,180	(1,095,619)		(1,095,619)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Water	366,409	382,956	•	•	16,547	16,547
Sewer Total Business-Type Activities	813,544	815,354	1		1,810	(14,737)
TOTAL	\$ 2,014,222	\$ 868,233	\$ 52,180	(1,095,619)	1,810	(1,093,809)
	GENERAL REVENUES Taxes:	w				
	ty T	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Internovernmental Payanuse and Destricted to	ses	929,645	•	929,645
	Specific Programs	everides ilot nestrictet	2	210 664	,	210 664
	Investment Income			1.018	3 708	4 726
	Miscellaneous			146,985	18,609	165,594
	Total General Revenues	ennes		1,288,312	22,317	1,310,629
	TRANSFERS			57,131	(57,131)	
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	NOILION		249,824	(33,004)	216,820
	NET POSITION - BE	NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR - AS RESTATED	AS RESTATED	2,913,396	4,362,038	7,275,434
	NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	ID OF YEAR		\$ 3,163,220	\$ 4,329,034 \$	7,492,254

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds As of December 31, 2022

ASSETS		General	1	Tax Incremental District	Spec	ARPA cial Revenue Fund		Total
Cash	\$	439,701	\$	335,286	\$	27,001	\$	801,988
Receivables:								
Taxes		457,517		337,358		-		794,875
Delinquent Personal Properly Taxes		243		-		-		243
Other		11,178		29,338		_		40,516
Due from Other Funds	-	161,860		6,950		-		168,810
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,070,499	\$	708,932	\$	27,001	\$	1,806,432
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	24,133	\$	_	\$	_	\$	24,133
Accrued Liabilities		6,478		_	*	_	*	6,478
Due to Other Fund		20,748		14,996		_		35.744
Due to Other Governments		1,755		- 1,000		_		1,755
Advance Due to Other Funds		200,000		_		_		200,000
Unearned Revenue - American Rescue Plan Act				_		26,914		26,914
Total Liabilities	_	253,114		14,996		26,914	-	295,024
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		546,249		400.606				040.055
Unavailable Special Assessments		340,249		402,606		-		948,855
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		546,249	_	29,338				29,338
Total Deserted limows of Resources	71	546,249	-	431,944	-		-	978,193
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		-		261,992		87		262,079
Assigned		270,089				_		270,089
Unassigned		1.047		_				1.047
Total Fund Balances		271,136		261,992		87	_	533,215
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,070,499	\$	708,932	\$	27,001	\$	1,806,432

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 533,215
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different from the amount reported above as total governmental funds fund balance because:		
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position:		
Governmental Capital Assets Governmental Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 6,744,439 (3,436,090)	3,308,349
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow or inflow of resources until then. Deferred outflows and inflows are reported in the statement of net position and are not reported in the fund balance sheet		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		150,395 (179,242)
Net pension asset is not usable in the current period and therefore not reported in the fund financial statements.		75,544
Certain revenues for developer agreements will be collected in later years and are not available soon enough to pay for current expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds.		29,338
Noncurrent obligations, including bonds and notes payable, are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the fund statements. Items reported in the statement of net		20,000
position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet: General Obligation Debt Bond Discount Accrued Interest on General Obligation Debt	(731,558) 17,481 (5,217)	
Vested Employee Benefits	 (35,085)	 (754,379)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 3,163,220

VILLAGE OF CRIVITZ
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	-	General		Tax Incremental District	Sį	ARPA Decial Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund		Total
REVENUES								-	10101
Taxes	\$	535,351	\$	394,294	\$	-	\$ _	\$	929,645
Intergovernmental		244,653		18,191		65,176	_		328,020
Licenses and Permits		19,278		-		· •	_		19,278
Fines and Forfeits		16,788		_		_	_		16,788
Public Charges for Services		16,813		-		_	_		16,813
Miscellaneous		82,730		22		75	_		82,827
Total Revenues		915,613		412,507		65,251	 		1,393,371
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government		289,289		90 400					
Public Safety		394,405		80,190		30	-		369,509
Public Works		200.513		-		23,394	-		417,799
Culture and Recreation		93.680		-		9 (21)			200,513
Health and Human Services				964		37,277	-		131,921
Capital Outlay		15,279		-		4,475	-		19,754
Debt Service:		149,577		-		-	-		149,577
Principal Retirement									
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-		-	337,529		337,529
Total Expenditures	_		-				34,593		34,593
Total Expelicitates	-	1,142,743	-	81,154		65,176	372,122		1,661,195
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(227,130)	_	331,353		75	(372,122)		(267,824)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (USE)									
Transfers In		57,131							
Transfers Out		(141,122)		/004.000		-	372,122		429,253
Total Other Financing Source (Use)	-	(83,991)	_	(231,000)	_	<u>-</u> _	 		(372,122)
trans a series in the series (obe)	-	(00,991)	_	(231,000)	_		 372,122	_	57,131
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(311,121)		100,353		75	-		(210,693)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING - AS RESTATED		582,257	_	161,639		12	 		743,908
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	271,136	\$	261,992	\$	87	\$ 	\$	533,215

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	(210,693)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense. Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities Amount by which depreciation is less than capital outlay in the current period	\$ 246,574 (132,511)		114,063
Amounts related to the pension plan that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.			19,293
Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. Compensated absences paid in current year Compensated absences benefits earned in current year Amounts paid are less than amounts earned by	7,543 (13,885)		(6,342)
Discounts on debt issued are recorded as other financing use in the governmental funds but are amortized over the life of the related debt issue in the government activities financial statements.			(6,286)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year.			337,529
In governmental funds interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure when paid. In the statement of activities interest is reported as incurred. The amount of interest paid during the current period The amount of interest accrued during the current period Interest paid is more than interest accrued by	34,593 (32,333)	ή ₋	2,260
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	249,824

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds
As of December 31, 2022

	Water Utility			Sewer Utility	Total	
CURRENT ASSETS	-	Ounty		Othicy		Total
Cash	\$	58,154	\$	146,276	\$	204,430
Receivables:	Ψ	00,101	*	,	•	,
Customer Accounts Receivable		46,528		121,889		168,417
Other Accounts Receivable		-		26,937		26,937
Due from Other Funds		49,535		1,603		51,138
		8,253		4,678		12,931
Inventories Total Current Assets	-	162,470		301,383		463,853
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Capital Assets						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		95,650		2,519		98,169
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		2,224,950		2,116,357		4,341,307
Restricted Cash - Bond Redemption		109,225		-		109,225
Restricted Cash - Equipment Replacement		127,016		341,628		468,644
Advance Due from Other Fund		100,000		164,880		264,880
Net Pension Asset		29,791		32,972		62,763
Total Non-Current Assets	: 	2,686,632		2,658,356	W 1972	5,344,988
TOTAL ASSETS		2,849,102	× ——	2,959,739	0	5,808,841
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		50.040		05.040		124.052
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension		59,310	-	65,643		124,953
CURRENT LIABILITIES						07.704
Accounts Payable		26,276		71,428		97,704
Due to Other Funds		129,976		54,228		184,204
Accrued Interest		19,954		589		20,543
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations		20,958		24,500		45,458
Total Current Liabilities		197,164	-	150,745		347,909
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						C4 000
Advance from Other Fund		64,880		-		64,880
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	-	1,015,051		28,000		1,043,051
Total Non-Current Liabilities		1,079,931		28,000		1,107,931
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	1,277,095		178,745		1,455,840
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	8	70,686		78,234	-	148,920
NET POSITION				0.000.070		0.050.007
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:		1,284,591		2,066,376		3,350,967
Debt Service		109,225		-		109,225
Equipment Replacement		127,016		341,628		468,644
Pension Benefits		18,415		20,381		38,796
		21,384		340,018		361,402
Unrestricted						

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	·	Water Utility	 Sewer Utility		Total	
OPERATING REVENUES	<u>\$</u>	382,956	\$ 432,398	\$	815,354	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operation and Maintenance		93,606	131,411		225,017	
Administration and General		112,313	128,325		240,638	
Depreciation		112,238	 185,630		297,868	
Total Operating Expenses		318,157	445,366		763,523	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		64,799	 (12,968)		51,831	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE)						
Interest Income		1,190	2,518		3,708	
Other Income		17,399	1,210		18,609	
Interest Expense		(48,252)	(1,769)		(50,021)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expense)		(29,663)	 1,959		(27,704)	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFER		35,136	(11,009)		24,127	
TRANSFER OUT		(56,086)	 (1,045)		(57,131)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(20,950)	(12,054)		(33,004)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		1,581,581	 2,780,457		4,362,038	
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	1,560,631	\$ 2,768,403	\$	4,329,034	

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Water	Sewer	
	Utility	Utility	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			A 000.676
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 406,860	\$ 396,816	\$ 803,676
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(162,053)	(139,689)	
Cash Paid to Employees for Services	(29,659)	(104,004)	(133,663) (29,079)
Cash Paid to Other Funds	(29,079)	450 400	339,192
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	186,069	153,123	338,192
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Non-Operating Income	17,399	1,210	18,609
Due from Other Funds	(149,535)	(144,421)	
Tax Equivalent Paid to Municipality	(56,086)	(1,045	
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	(188,222)	(144,256	(332,478)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Investment Income Received	1,190	2,518	3,708
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(16,917)	(70,248	(87,165)
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt	(20,020)	(22,750	
Interest Paid	(48,637)	(2,515	C 25 1950
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	(85,574)	(95,513	
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(86,537)	(84,128	(170,665)
CASH - BEGINNING	380,932	572,032	952,964
CASH - ENDING	\$ 294,395	\$ 487,904	\$ 782,299
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 64,799	\$ (12,968	\$ 51,831
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net	4 31,132	V (.=,	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Non-Cash Items:			
Depreciation	112,238	185,630	297,868
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	•	·	
Accounts Receivable	23,904	(35,582	(11,678)
Inventories	(3,429)	(690	(4,119)
Pension Asset	(4,605)	(2,948	(7,553)
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	(19,446)	(18,122	(37,568)
Accounts Payable	(38,007)	(28,056	(66,063)
Due from (to) Other Fund	(29,079)	54,228	25,149
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	14,814	11,631	26,445
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 186,069	\$ 153,123	\$ 339,192
RECONCILIATION OF CASH PER STATEMENT			
OF NET POSITION TO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS			
Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund:			
Cash	\$ 58.154	\$ 146,276	\$ 204,430
Restricted Cash - Bond Redemption	109.225		109,225
Restricted Cash - Equipment Replacement	127,016	341,628	468,644
CACH DED STATEMENT OF CASH ELOWS	\$ 294,395	\$ 487,904	\$ 782,299
CASH PER STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	φ 254,395	407,304	102,299

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund As of December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund
	Tax Collection Fund
ASSETS	!
Cash	\$ 114,088
Taxes Receivable	589,876
Total Assets	703,964
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Taxing Entities	703,964
NET POSITION	\$ -

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund					
ADDITIONS Taxes Collected on Behalf of Other Taxing Entities	\$ 581,075					
DEDUCTIONS Taxes Remitted to Other Taxing Entities	581,075					
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	-					
NET POSITION - BEGINNING						
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ -					

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Village of Crivitz (Village) is presented to assist in understanding the Village's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Village's management who is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements.

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The significant accounting and reporting policies used by the Village are described below.

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the Village. The reporting entity for the Village consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government. The Village has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities present financial information about the Village as a whole. All funds of the Village are included except for fiduciary funds. The statements report governmental-type and business-type activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental-type activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions and are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Village's governmental-type and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the Village's water and sewer utility and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources, as well as all tax revenues, are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Village are organized into individual funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and the fiduciary fund. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and the same element that met the 10 percent criterion is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- b. In addition, any other governmental or proprietary fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Village may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. When program expenditures are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted resources may be available to finance the program. It is the Village's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

Governmental Funds

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Tax Incremental District Fund

This fund accounts for the expenditures outlined in the TID project plan and related revenues and proceeds from long-term borrowing.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

ARPA Special Revenue Fund

This fund is used to account for expenditures for the revenue from the American Rescue Plan Act that are restricted for purposes outlined in the grant agreement.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest, and related costs.

Proprietary Funds

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Utility Fund – Accounts for the provision of water service to village residents, business entities and public authorities.

Sewer Utility Fund – Accounts for the provision of wastewater treatment service to village residents, business entities and public authorities.

Fiduciary Fund

The Village reports the following custodial fund:

Tax Collection Fund – which accounts for taxes and deposits collected by the Village, acting in the capacity of a custodian, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources) or economic resources (all assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash

Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash deposits and highly liquid investments with a maturity when purchased of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

Cash has been restricted for utility debt service payments and equipment replacement.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable in the governmental funds are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material.

Ordinarily, no provision for uncollectible accounts receivable is made in the accompanying enterprise fund financial statements because the water and sewer utilities have the right by law to place delinquent bills on the tax roll.

Inventories

Inventories of proprietary fund types are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in first-out method of valuation. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements and used in governmental fund operations.

Government-Wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The Village has a threshold of \$2,000 for capitalization of depreciable assets. For capital assets reported by the Water Utility, the guidelines provided by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin are followed.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense of the relevant functional activity in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Asset Class	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	10-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-25 Years
Infrastructure	50 Years
Utility System	7-100 Years

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Additions to and replacement of utility plant are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Leases

The Village adopted GASB Statement No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2022, which requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. As of December 31, 2022, the Village had no leases.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows Of Resources And Deferred Inflows Of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet and/or statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future reporting periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Long-Term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether it is reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of general obligation promissory notes and revenue bonds and accrued compensated absences.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. In governmental funds, debt issuance costs are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Governmental Funds

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are recorded in these statements.

A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirement. Compensated absences are liquidated by the general fund, water and sewer funds.

Government-Wide Statements

Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

All Funds

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2022 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental fund types. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year end.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components.

- Net investment in capital assets Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital
 related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other
 borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any
 capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- Restricted component of net position Consists of resources with constraints placed on their use either by
 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or,
 2) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation reduced by liabilities related to those assets.
- Unrestricted component of net position Is the net amount that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance is classified as either 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned, or 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts), or amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually (such as the principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources. The action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period. The Village Board is the decision-making authority that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.

Assigned fund balance in the general fund represents amounts constrained by the Village Board for a specific intended purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Village Board or by its designee. The Board has designated the Finance Committee as authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance.

Unassigned fund balance represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Equity Classifications (Continued)

The Village Board establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Village Board through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

In the general fund, the Village strives to maintain its unassigned fund balance to be used for unanticipated emergencies.

Regulated Municipal Utility

Crivitz Water Utility operates under service rules which are established by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin (PSC). Rates charged are regulated by the Commission. The accounting records of the utility are maintained in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Public Service Commission.

The Sewer Utility is not regulated by the PSC. Responsibility for customer rates and rules lies within the Village of Crivitz Board. The Sewer Utility maintains its financial records within the Uniform Chart of Accounts recommended by the Wisconsin Public Service Commission.

Water and sewer revenues are recorded based on actual service rendered; billings are made to customers through quarterly billings. The utility does not accrue revenues beyond such billing dates as the amounts are not significant.

Basis for Existing Rates

Water Utility - On April 2, 2015, the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin approved a water rate increase designed to provide a 4.50% return on rate base effective May 1, 2015.

Sewer Utility - Sewer rates were approved by the Village Board and became effective May 2009.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

The Village is authorized to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes. Allowable investments are as follows:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturity in three years or less.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school
 district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park district,
 local professional football stadium district, local cultural arts district or by the University of Wisconsin
 Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- Bonds or securities guaranteed by the federal government.
- The Local Government Pooled Investment Fund and the Wisconsin Investment Trust.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Securities of an open end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- · Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions could arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant regulations of the Village.

At December 31, 2022, the Village's bank balance of cash was \$1,749,381. The Village maintains its cash accounts at three financial institutions. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Deposits in each bank are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 for the combined amounts of all time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and up to \$250,000 for the combined amount of all interest and non-interest bearing demand deposit accounts.

Any losses caused by failure of public depositories are also covered by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund. The fund provides coverage of \$400,000 in each financial institution above the applicable insurance coverage provided by the FDIC. However, although the fund had reserves available at December 31, 2022, the future availability of resources to cover the losses cannot be projected because provisions of the 1985 Wisconsin Act 25 provided that the amount in the fund will be used to repay public depositors for losses until the appropriation is exhausted, at which time the fund will be abolished; therefore, the State Deposit Guarantee Fund is not considered in covered amounts noted below.

The following represents a summary of deposits as of December 31, 2022:

Fully Insured Deposits	\$	1,000,000
Uncollateralized	= <u></u>	749,381
Total	\$	1,749,381

The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit at December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 3 - Property Taxes

The Village bills and collects its own property taxes and also levies for the Crivitz School Village, Marinette County, and Northeast Wisconsin Technical College.

Property taxes consist of taxes on real estate and personal property. They are levied during December and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31, or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by July 31 are assumed by the county as part of the August tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the Village.

Note 4 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, Advances, and Transfers

Interfund receivables, payables, advances and transfers of the Village as of December 31, 2022 are detailed below.

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Purpose
General Fund General Fund General Fund Tax Incremental District Water Utility Water Utility Sewer Utility	Tax Incremental District Water Utility Sewer Utility General Fund General Fund Sewer Utility General Fund	\$ \$	14,996 129,976 16,888 6,950 12,195 37,340 1,603	Year End Cash Flow Timing

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	Purpose			
Water Fund Sewer Fund Sewer Fund	General Fund General Fund Water Fund	\$ 100,000 100,000 64,880 264,880	Cash Flow Cash Flow Cash Flow			

There is currently no repayment plan for these advances.

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
Water Utility General Fund Tax Incremental District	General Fund Debt Service Debt Service	\$ 57,131 141,122 231,000 \$ 429,253	Tax Equivalent Debt Service Requirement Debt Service Requirement

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 5 - Restricted Assets

Restricted cash at December 31, 2022 is for the following:

Water Utility Fund
Equipment Replacement \$ 127,016
Debt Service \$ 109,225
Sewer Utility Fund
Equipment Replacement \$ 341,628

Total Restricted Assets \$ 577,869

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	В	Beginning				Ending			
		Balances	li	ncreases	Decr	eases	Balances		
Governmental Activities									
Capital Assets not being									
Depreciated:									
Land	\$	280,381	\$	-	\$	-	\$	280,381	
Construction in Progress		_		30,000				30,000	
Total Capital Assets not being									
Depreciated		280,381		30,000			-	310,381	
Other Capital Assets									
Buildings and Improvements		1,764,518		-		_		1,764,518	
Machinery and Equipment		1,338,404		190,059		-		1,528,463	
Infrastructure		3,114,562		26,515		_		3,141,077	
Total Capital Assets being									
Depreciated		6,217,484		216,574				6,434,058	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Buildings and Improvements		(1,078,488)		(24,080)		-		(1,102,568)	
Machinery and Equipment		(1,065,158)		(42,564)		-		(1,107,722)	
Infrastructure		(1,159,933)		(65,867)				(1,225,800)	
Total Accumulated									
Depreciation		(3,303,579)		(132,511)				(3,436,090)	
Total Capital Assets Being									
Depreciated, Net of									
Depreciation		2,913,905		84,063			,	2,997,968	
Governmental Activities Capital									
Assets, Net of Accumulated									
Depreciation	\$	3,194,286	\$	114,063	\$		\$	3,308,349	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 6 - Capital Assets (Continued)

		leginning Balances	_	Increases	s====	Decreases	_	Ending Balances
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets not Being								
Depreciated:								
Land	\$	98,169	\$	-	\$		_\$	98,169
Capital Assets being Depreciated								
Utility Plant		11,168,002		87,165		5,450		11,249,717
Less: Accumulated				·		.,		,,
Depreciation		(6,615,992)		(297,868)		(5,450)		(6,908,410)
Total Capital Assets being	((_	(-,,)
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		4,552,010		(210,703)			-	4,341,307
Business-Type Activities Capital								
Assets, Net of Accumulated								
Depreciation	\$	4,650,179	\$	(210,703)	\$		\$	4,439,476
Depreciation expense was charge	ed to the	following func	tions a	as follows:				
Governmental Acti	vities:							
General Governm	nent				\$	46,06	33	
Public Safety					•	49,15		
Public Works						24,09		
Culure and Recr	eation					13,19		
Governmental	Activitie	s Depreciation	Expe	nse	\$	132,51		
					_	102,01		
Business-Type Ac								
Sewer Depreciat	ion Cha	rged to Accum	nulated	Depreciation	\$	180,74	19	
Plus: Share of N	/leter De	epreciation				4,88	31	
Sewer Depreci	ation Ex	rpense			-	185,63		
Water Depreciati	ion Chai	ged to Accum	ulated	Depreciation		117,11	9	
Less: Share of M						(4,88		
Water Depreci						112,23		
Total Business	-Type A	ctivities Depre	ciation	Expense	\$	297,86	8	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 7 - Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2022:

		Beginning Balances		Increases Decreases				Ending Balances	Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activites:	-		-	·						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
General Obligation Debt	•	1.069.087	\$	_	\$	337.529	\$	731,558	\$	359.558
Promissory Notes Discount	\$	(23,767)			.	(6,286)	•	(17,481)	Ψ 	-
Total General Obligation Debt		1.045.320		<u>-</u>		331.243		714,077		359.558
Vested Compensated		1,010,020				00.12.10		,		,
Absences		28,743		13,885		7,543		35,085		7,017
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$	1,074,063	\$	13,885	\$	338,786	\$	749,162	\$	366,575

Total interest paid during the year on governmental activities long-term debt totaled \$34,593.

	Beginning Balances		Increases	Decreases			Ending Balances	Due Within One Year	
Business-Type Activities:		_							
General Obligation Debt									
Revenue Bonds	\$ 1,056,029	\$	-	\$	20,020	\$	1,036,009	\$	20,958
Promissory Note	75,250		-		22,750		52,500		24,500
Total Business-Type								2	
Activities Long-Term									
Liabilities	\$ 1,131,279	\$	_	\$	42,770	\$	1,088,509	\$	45,458

For governmental activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the general fund.

Total interest paid during the year on business-type activities on long-term debt totaled \$51,152.

All general obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the Village.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 7 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General obligation debt at December 31, 2022 is comprised of the following individual issues:

	Date of Issuance	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balances 12/31/22
Governmental Activities					TEIGHTEE
Long-Term Obligations					
2015 G.O. Promissory Note	10/02/15	10/01/24	2.0% - 3.50%	\$ 2,385,450	\$ 697,500
2019 G.O. Promissory Note	02/15/19	02/15/24	4.50%	160,000	34,058
Total Governmental Activities Long	-Term Obligations			,	\$ 731,558
Business-Type Activities					
Long-Term Obligations					
G.O. Promissory Note	10/02/15	10/01/24	2.0% - 3.50%	\$ 179,550	\$ 52,500
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	01/23/09	02/01/49	4.625%	1,246,000	1,036,009
Total Business-Type Activities Long	J-Term Obligations				\$ 1,088,509

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmen	tal Ac	tivities		Business-Ty	pe A	tivities		To	otal		
	F	Principal	I	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$	359,558	\$	23,599	\$	45,458	\$	49,475	\$	405.016	\$	73.074	
2024		372,000		13,020		49,810		47,826		421.810	,	60.846	
2025		-		-		22,958		45,698		22,958		45,698	
2026		-		-		24,032		44,624		24,032		44,624	
2027		-		-		25,156		43,500		25,156		43,500	
2028-2032		-		-		144,337		198,943		144,337		198,943	
2033-2037		_		-		181,564		161,716		181,564		161,716	
2038-2042		-		-		228,219		115,061		228,219		115,061	
2043-2047		-		-		286,865		56,415		286,865		56,415	
2048-2049						80,110		3,690		80,110		3,690	
	\$	731,558	\$	36,619	\$	1,088,509	\$	766,948	\$	1,820,067	\$	803,567	
							-						

Utility Revenues Pledged

The Village has pledged future revenue derived from the Water Utility, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the mortgage revenue bonds. Proceeds from the debt provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the utilities. The Water Revenue Bond is payable from Water Utility net revenues and payable through 2049. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the loans is \$1,800,199. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total Water Utility net revenues were \$68,656 and \$178,224, respectively. The Water Utility did meet the Mortgage Revenue Bond revenue requirements in 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 7 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Legal Margin for Debt

The 2022 equalized valuation of the Village as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$103,183,400. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2022, in accordance with Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes follows:

Debt Limit (5% of \$103,183,400)	\$ 5,159,170
Deduct Long-Term Debt Applicable to Debt Margin	 784,058
Remaining Margin of Indebtedness Available	\$ 4,375,112

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 8 - Net Position/Fund Balances

	 vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
Net Investment in Capital Assets		"			
Net Capital Assets	\$ 3,308,349	\$	4,439,476	\$	7,747,825
Less: Related Long-Term Debt Outstanding	714,077		1,088,509		1,802,586
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,594,272		3,350,967		5,945,239
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	-		109,225		109,225
Equipment Replacement	-		468,644		468,644
Pension Benefits	46,697		38,796		85,493
Total Restricted	46,697		616,665		663,362
Unrestricted	522,251	-	361,402	a	883,653
Total Government-Wide Net Position	\$ 3,163,220	\$	4,329,034	\$	7,492,254

Fund balances reported in the governmental funds balance sheet at December 31, 2022 are classified as follows:

General Fund

Assigned:	
River Ridge Park	\$ 500
Fire Vehicle Fund	54,953
Public Works Truck	41
General Park Improvements	16,569
Police Vehicle	17,748
Cemetery Perpetual Care	34,670
Police Auxiliary	393
Police K9	3,820
Emergency Fund	67,666
General Equipment	18,854
Littleland Park	2,579
Citizens Community Vets Park	8,362
Future Road Projects	9,295
Snow Removal	5,762
July 4th Savings	5,975
Vet Memorial	4,795
Holiday Decorations	 18,107
Total General Fund Assigned	\$ 270,089

Note 9 - Fire Department Retirement

The Crivitz Fire Department has enrolled in a length of service award program, a program developed by the State of Wisconsin. This is a defined contribution plan with individual amounts held for each firefighter.

Upon completion of 10 years of service, participants will be 50% vested. An additional 5% vesting will be accumulated for each subsequent year of service. Upon completion of 20 years of service, participants will be fully vested.

The Village contributed \$7,653 on behalf of the firefighters for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school Village educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Post-Retirement Adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2012	(7.0)%	(7)%
2013	(9.6))g´
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	`4´
2018	2.4	17
2019	0.0	(10)
2020	1.7	`21 [′]
2021	5.1	13

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$25,175 in contributions from the Village.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2022 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General, including Executives and		
Elected Officials)	6.50%	6.50%
Protective with Social Security	6.50%	12.00%
Protective without Social Security	6.50%	16.48%

Pension Liabilities (Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported an asset of \$138,307 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the Village's proportion was 0.00171594%, which was a decrease of 0.00037297% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized a reduction of pension expense of \$12,766.

At December 31, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual experiences	\$223,429	\$16,111
Changes of actuarial assumptions	25,803	-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investment	-	309,407
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	941	2,644
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	25,175	
Total	\$275,348	\$328,162

The \$25,175 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the net pension (asset) liability in the plan year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Ou	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources		
2023	\$	(7,352)		
2024		(38,233)		
2025		(16,748)		
2026		(15,656)		
	\$	(77,989)		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2020 Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset): December 31, 2021 Actuarial Cost Method: **Entry Age Normal** Fair Value Asset Valuation Method: Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8% Discount Rate: 6.8% Salary Increases: 3.0% Inflation 0.1% - 5.6% Seniority/Merit 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table Mortality:

1.7% Post-retirement Adjustments*

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, postretirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns¹ As of December 31, 2021

		Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected
	Asset	Nominal Rate	Real Rate of
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	of Return %	Return % ²
Global Equities	52%	6.8%	4.2%
Fixed Income	25	4.3	1.8
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19	2.7	0.2
Real Estate	7	5.6	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	12	9.7	7.0
Total Core Fund ³	115% *	6.6%	4.0%
Variable Fund Asset Class_			
U.S. Equities	70%	6.3%	4.1%
International Equities	30	7.2	4.9
Total Variable Fund	100%	6.8%	4.6%

¹Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

²New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%.

³The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		Current	1%	6 Increase	
	Discount Rate (5.8%)		count Rate (6.8%)	to Discount Rate (7.8%)		
Village's Proportionate Share of	1					
the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$98,139	\$	(138,307)	\$	(308,505)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Payables to the Pension Plan: The Village is required to remit the monthly required contribution for both the employee and Village portions by the last day of the following month. The amount due to WRS as of December 31, 2022 is \$5,403 for December payroll.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health claims; unemployment compensation claims; and environmental damage for which the Village purchases commercial insurance. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insurance settlements for claims resulting from the risks covered by commercial insurance have not exceeded the insurance coverage in the past three years.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 12 - Contingencies

From time to time, the Village is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Village's attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position or results of operations.

The Village has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Funding for the operating budget of the Village comes from many sources, including property taxes, grants and aids from other units of government, user fees, fines and permits, and other miscellaneous revenues. The State of Wisconsin provides a variety of aid and grant programs which benefit the Village. Those aid and grant programs depend on continued approval and funding by the Wisconsin governor and legislature, through their budget processes. Any changes made by the State to funding or eligibility of local aid programs could have a significant impact on the future operating results of the Village.

Note 13 - Tax Incremental District (TID)

The Village has established a Tax Incremental District (TID) that was created under the provisions of Wisconsin Statute Section 66.46. The purpose of that section is to allow a municipality to recover development and improvement costs in a designated area from the property taxes generated on the increased value of the property after the creation date of the District. The tax on the increased value is called a tax increment.

The TID was formed to install public utilities (including sanitary and storm sewers, and water facilities) and streets on unimproved property together with such other development incentives that will allow development to take place.

The Statutes specify the period of time after creation date for a TID to incur project costs eligible for financing from tax increments. The Statutes further specify the period of time the TID may collect tax increments to repay project costs including principal and interest on long-term debt issued by the Village to finance such improvements. Project costs uncollected after the final dissolution date are absorbed by the municipality.

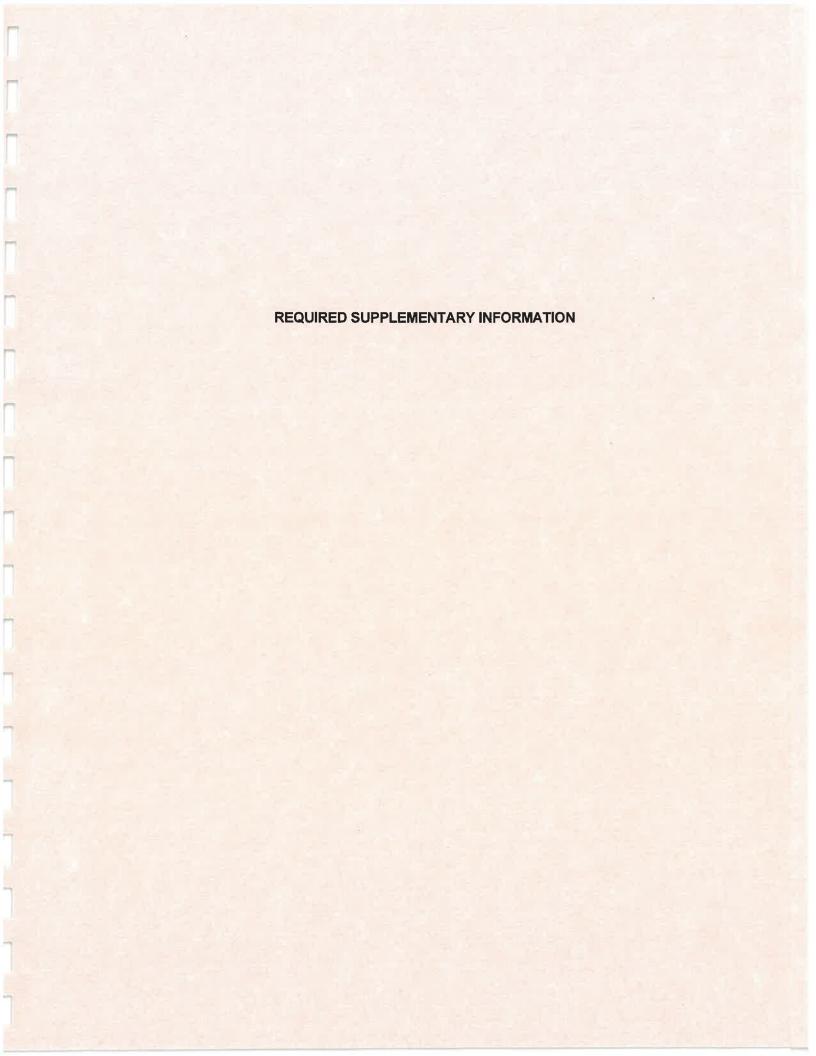
		Last Date To	Final Dissolution
	Creation Date	Incur Project Costs	Date
TID	09/17/01	09/17/19	09/17/24

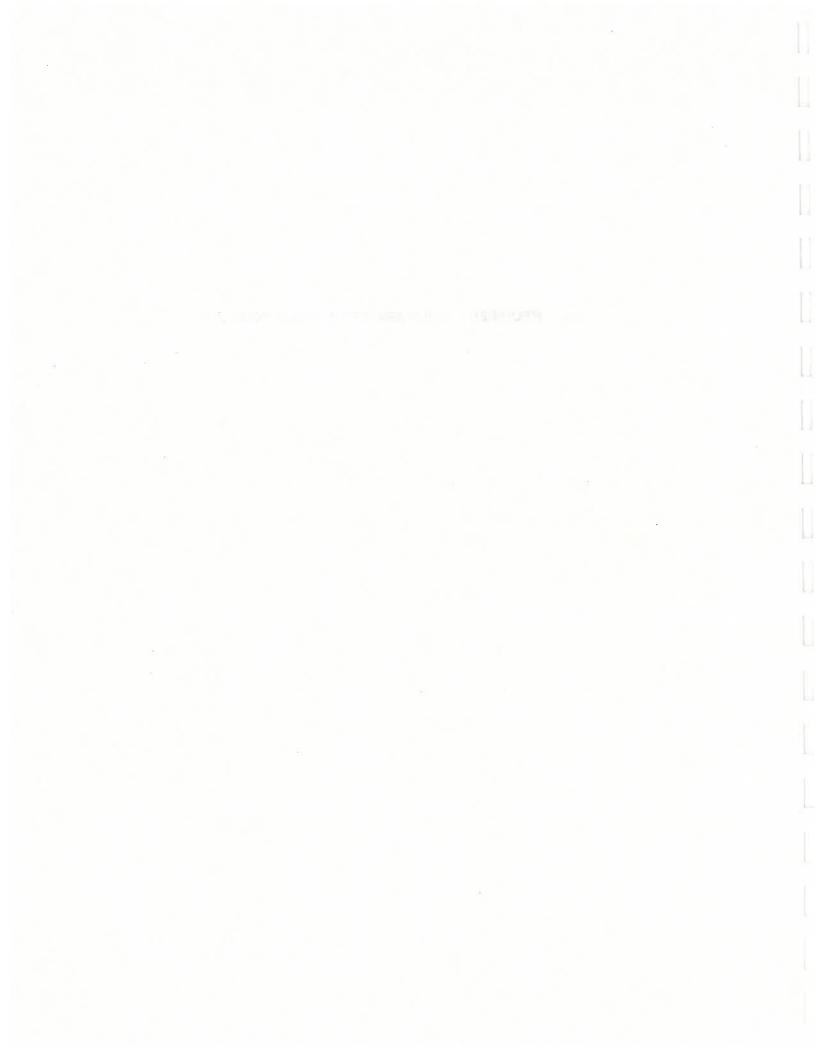
Note 14 - Restatement of Fund Balance and Net Position

The general fund fund balance and the government-wide net position were restated as of December 31, 2021. The timing of interfund receipts in the prior year were not reflected in the proper period previously. The following presents the impact of the restatement of general fund fund balance and government-wide net position as of December 31, 2021.

	 rnment-Wide et Position	General Fund		
Net Position or Fund Balance as of December 31, 2021 as previously reported	\$ 2,776,827	\$	445,688	
Interfund Restatement	 136,569		136,569	
Net Position or Fund Balance as of December 31, 2021, as restated	\$ 2,913,396	\$	582,257	

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Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Wisconsin Retirement System
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

WRS Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	Village's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	Pro Shai	Village's oportionate re of the Net Pension set)/Liability	-	e's Covered Payroll	Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability as a percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/2021	0.00171594%	\$	(138,307)	\$	215,657	64.13%	106.02%
12/31/2020	0.00208891%		(130,413)		264,574	49.29%	105.26%
12/31/2019	0.00230055%		(74,180)		296,854	24.99%	102.96%
12/31/2018	0.00233156%		82,949		304,765	27.22%	96.45%
12/31/2017	0.00228746%		(67,917)		303,741	22.36%	102.93%
12/31/2016	0.22549900%		18,587		289,680	6.42%	99.12%
12/31/2015	0.22799000%		37,047		283,721	13.06%	98.20%
12/31/2014	0.23686800%		(58,181)		287,376	20.25%	102.74%

Schedule of Employer Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Village Year End Date	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Rela Cor R	ributions in ation to the atractually equired atributions	Def	ribution iciency (cess)	Cov	ered Payroll	Per	ibutions as a centage of ered Payroll
12/31/2022	\$	25,175	\$	25,175	\$	-	\$	334,247	4	7.53%
12/31/2021		14,614		14,614		-		215,657		6.78%
12/31/2020		21,166		21,166		-		264,574		8.00%
12/31/2019		23,744		23,744		-		296,854		8.00%
12/31/2018		24,252		24,252		-		304,765		7.96%
12/31/2017		21,294		21,294		-		303,741		7.01%
12/31/2016		21,475		21,475		-		289,680		7.41%
12/31/2015		22.623		22,623		-		283,721		7.97%

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	_	nal and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	536,013	\$ 535,351	\$ (662)
Intergovernmental		249,124	244,653	(4,471)
Licenses and Permits		19,075	19,278	203
Fines and Forfeits		18,000	16,788	(1,212)
Public Charges for Services		12,325	16,813	4,488
Miscellaneous		72,915	82,730	9,815
Total Revenues	\	907,452	915,613	 8,161
EXPENDITURES				
General Government		249,683	289,289	(39,606)
Public Safety		396,206	394,405	1,801
Public Works		198,423	200,513	(2,090)
Culture and Recreation		41,763	93,680	(51,917)
Health and Human Services		13,849	15,279	(1,430)
Capital Outlay		-	149,577	(149,577)
Total Expenditures		899,924	1,142,743	(242,819)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1	7,528	 (227,130)	 (234,658)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (USE)				
Transfers In		69,482	57,131	(12,351)
Transfers Out		(141,122)	 (141,122)	
Total Other Financing Source (Use)		(71,640)	(83,991)	(12,351)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(64,112)	(311,121)	(247,009)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		582,257	 582,257	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	518,145	\$ 271,136	\$ (247,009)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2022

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Budgetary Controls

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- During the year, Village management submits to the Village Board a proposed operating budget for the
 calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures
 and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain
 taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and
 deletions, is legally enacted by Village Board action.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general
 fund. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual
 amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget appropriations
 not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be
 forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund.
- Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each
 activity or department of the Village. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by
 management and are subsequently authorized by the Village Board with a two-thirds majority vote.

The ARPA special revenue fund was not appropriated for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

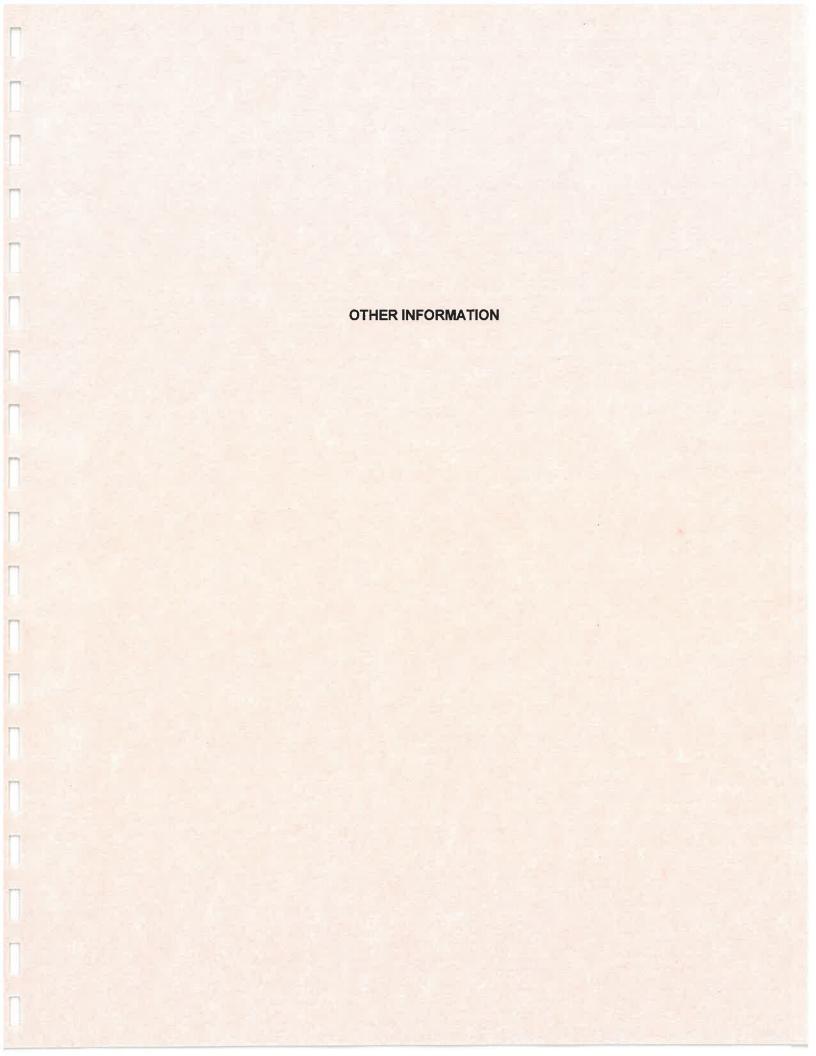
Individual Fund Disclosures

Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following functions had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended December 31, 2022:

General Government	\$ 39,606
Public Works	2,090
Culture and Recreation	51,917
Health and Human Services	1,430
Capital Outlay	149,577

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Schedule of Operating Revenues and Expenses Water and Sewer Utility For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Water		Sewer		Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Metered Sales:	•	100.010	•	1.46.476	œ.	252 205
Residential	\$	106,919	\$	146,476	\$	253,395 313,140
Commercial Industrial		78,484 199		234,656 377		576
Public Authorities		17,326		23,999		41,325
Multi-Family		16,243		19,090		35,333
Irrigation		43,777		19,090		43,777
Total Metered Sales		262,948		424,598	-	687,546
Public Fire Protection		117,718		_		117,718
. 45.10 . 110 . 100001011		,				,
Other Operating Revenues:		2 200		7 000		10.000
Customer Forfeited Discounts		2,290		7,800	_	10,090
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		382,956	10	432,398		815,354
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operation and Maintenance:						
Operation Labor		58,410		66,978		125,388
Power Purchased for Pumping		9,716		20,388		30,104
Chemicals		3,269		918		4,187
Maintenance and Repairs		3,951		15,404		19,355
Operating Supplies		16,757		25,110		41,867
Operating Transportation Expenses		1,503		2,613		4,116
Total Operation and Maintenance	-	93,606		131,411		225,017
Administrative and General:						
Salaries		26,892		27,587		54,479
Office Supplies		805		832		1,637
Outside Services Employed		53,617		65,599		119,216
Insurance		30,999		31,369		62,368
Miscellaneous				2,938		2,938
Total Administrative and General Expenses		112,313	8	128,325		240,638
Other Operating Expenses:						
Depreciation	-	112,238	8====	185,630	-	297,868
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		318,157	:5=	445,366		763,523
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		64,799	·	(12,968)		51,831
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE)						
Interest income		1,190		2,518		3,708
Other Income		17,399		1,210		18,609
Interest Expense		(48,252)		(1,769)		(50,021)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expense)		(29,663)	() ()	1,959	-	(27,704)
TRANSFER						
Property Tax Equivalent		(56,086)		(1,045)	-	(57,131)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(20,950)	\$	(12,054)	\$	(33,004)

VILLAGE OF CRIVITZ Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Revenues and Other Financing Source Comparison General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final	Antoni	Variance
TAXES	Budget	Actual	Variance
General Property Taxes	\$ 527,013	\$ 527,013	\$ -
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	3,000	2,921	(79)
Mobile Home Fees	6,000	5,417	(583)
Total Taxes	536,013	535,351	(662)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL			
Shared Revenues	191,237	191,256	19
Fire Insurance Dues	3,400	3,920	520
Law Enforcement Aid	160	-	(160)
Transportation Aid	44,393	44,270	(123)
State Computer Aid	897	897	-
Recycling Aids	4,000	3,990	(10)
State Grants	5,037	320	(4,717)
Total Intergovernmental	249,124	244,653	(4,471)
LICENSES AND PERMITS	7.000	7.400	745
Liquor/Beer Licenses	7,200	7,199	(1)
Operators Licenses	3,800	2,978	(822)
Cigarette Licenses	900	900	- 540
Flea Market License	3,000	3,510	510
Other Licenses	1,075	1,035	(40)
Dog License	100 3,000	2 456	(100) 456
Building Permits Zoning Permits/Fees	3,000	3,456 200	200
Total Licenses and Permits	19,075	19,278	203
FINES AND FORFEITS			
Court Penalties and Fines	18,000	16,788_	(1,212)
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES			
Clerk's Revenue	2,200	1,987	(213)
Police Department	-	185	185
Public Health	125	251	126
Event Admissions	6,900	7,090	190
Cemetery Grave Sales	3,100	7,300	4,200
Total Public Charges for Services	12,325	16,813	4,488
MISCELLANEOUS	4.000	4 505	505
Rent	1,000	1,585	585
Interest Income	1,000	943	(57)
Donations	14,700	15,864	1,164
Other	56,215	64,338	8,123
Total Miscellaneous	72,915	82,730	9,815
Total Revenues	907,452	915,613	8,161
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	60.400	E7 404	/40.054\
Transfer In - Property Tax Equivalent	69,482	57,131	(12,351)
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	\$ 976,934	\$ 972,744	\$ (4,190)

Schedule of Detailed Budgetary Expenditures and Other Financing Use Comparison General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final			A 4 . 1		
EVENDITUES		Budget		Actual	-	Variance
EXPENDITURES GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Village Board	\$	19,857	\$	18,359	\$	1,498
Judicial	Ψ	5,700	Ψ	7,602	Ψ	(1,902)
Legal		13,000		12,369		631
Village President		5,994		5,383		611
Clerk/Treasurer		57,231		75,353		(18,122)
Elections		8,178		5,250		2,928
Audit and Accounting		8,975		9,811		(836)
Assessment of Property		10,300		10,022		278
Village Hall		23,045		39,464		(16,419)
General Insurance		80,425		77,519		2,906
Information Technology		16,978		28,157		(11,179)
Total General Government		249,683		289,289		(39,606)
DUDI IO SAFETY						
PUBLIC SAFETY Police		168,359		173,252		(4,893)
Fire		195,201		188,872		6,329
Ambulance		28,857		28,857		0,329
Building/Zoning		3,689		3,424		265
Disaster Control		100		5,424		100
Total Public Safety		396,206		394,405	-	1,801
		000,200			-	1,442.15
PUBLIC WORKS						
Street Maintenance		102,806		107,551		(4,745)
Street Lighting		50,000		52,221		(2,221)
Storm Water Control		8,000		-		8,000
Garbage Collection		15,777		40,733		(24,956)
Solid Waste Disposal		21,830		-		21,830
Weed Control		10	_	8	_	2
Total Public Works		198,423	_	200,513	-	(2,090)
CULTURE AND RECREATION						
Programs and Events		15,800		20,525		(4,725)
Parks		25,963		73,155		(47,192)
Total Culture and Recreation		41,763		93,680		(51,917)
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES		10 600		12 600		(4.000)
Cemetery		12,638		13,698 1,581		(1,060)
Public Health - Dog Control		1,211	_	15,279	-	(370)
Total Health and Human Services	-	13,849	-	15,279	***	(1,430)
CAPITAL OUTLAY						
Building		-		22,950		(22,950)
Public Safety		-		2,550		(2,550)
Public Works		-		3,085		(3,085)
Culture and Recreation		-		120,992		(120,992)
Total Capital Outlay				149,577	_	(149,577)
Total Expenditures		899,924	_	1,142,743	_	(242,819)
OTHER FINANCING USE						
Transfers Out		141,122		141,122		
,		,			-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USE	\$	1,041,046	\$	1,283,865	\$	(242,819)

